



SPORICIDAL FOAM

1 UNIFORM CONTACT TIME OF ONE MINUTE

1ST LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE TO ALL APPLICABLE EN STANDARDS

> **1 ACTIVE INGREDIENT** CHLORINE DIOXIDE

1 DISINFECTANT FOR THE ENTIRE RESCUE VEHICLE



JET is a powerful sporicidal disinfectant that can be used on all surfaces and equipment in a rescue vehicle.

JET is also a powerful cleaner destroying RNA and DNA in seconds. Its cleaning efficacy meets the requirements of a medical instrument cleaner, effectively reducing levels of protein and carbohydrate.

POWERED BY CHLORINE DIOXIDE FOAM

cache

JET is built upon the same core chlorine dioxide technology as the Tristel medical device disinfectant products, but specially adapted for surface disinfection where cleaning and biofilm destruction are so important.

Chlorine dioxide is widely regarded as one of the most effective disinfectants for biofilm removal and prevention. JET delivers chlorine dioxide as a foam. It creates no aerosols when used.

SAVING SPACE, REDUCING WASTE



Efficacy with the standard wipe in EN 16615 means JET can be used with any sustainably sourced wipe, avoiding the use and waste of plastic wipes.

JET IS SPORICIDAL, TUBERCULOCIDAL, VIRUCIDAL, FUNGICIDAL AND BACTERICIDAL.

A disinfectant is only effective if the contact time – i.e. the time in which efficacy has been proven – is shorter than the period during which the surface stays wet. The greater the difference, the greater the assurance you have that the disinfectant will always be effective in all conditions.

With only one minute needed for JET to satisfy all the test requirements of EN 14885:2018, JET gives you the highest level of assurance. Effective against:

- Clostridium difficile
- Tuberculocidal mycobacteria
- Norovirus
- Influenza A virus (H1N1)
- Blood borne viruses including HIV and HBV
- Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) *Klebsiella pneumoniae*
- Methicillin-resistant
- Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) • Vancomycin-resistant Enterococci
- (VRE) Enterococcus faecium • Candida auris
- Escherichia coli

Complete compliance with EN 14885:

SPORES	EN 17126	
	EN 13704	
MYCOBACTERIA	EN 14348	
	EN 14563	
VIRUS	EN 14476	
	RKI/DVV 2008	
	DVV 2012	
	EN 16615	
YEASTS/FUNGI	EN 13624	
	EN 14562	
	EN 16615	
BACTERIA	EN 13727	
	EN 14561	
	EN 16615	

JET OFFERS TIME SAVING AND PEACE OF MIND WHEN EVERY MINUTE COUNTS

- CHASSIS AND STRETCHERS
- CERVICAL COLLAR
- DC SHOCK APPARATUS
- STEERING WHEEL
- AMBULANCE TABLES
- CARRYING CHAIRS
- BLOOD PRESSURE METERS
- PULSE OXIMETERS
- STETHOSCOPES





AVAILABLE TO ORDER NOW!

2 x 800ml JET per box **Quote: CCH010101**

JET is CE marked as a Class IIa Medical Device in accordance with the European Medical Devices Directive 93/42/EEC and the 2007/47/EC amendments thereto.

BROUGHT TO YOU BY TRISTEL

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Microbiological Efficacy Summary

Testing performed in accordance to European Standard EN 14885:2018 and the latest regulatory efficacy requirements for disinfectants used in the medical area.

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Enterococcus hirae EN 14561 Carrier	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	
Staphylococcus aureus	Clean 1 and Dirty 1
Enterococcus hirae EN 13727 Suspension Clean 1 and Dir	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	

Additional Testing

DNA/ RNA	TEST METHOD
	Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE)

	ORGANISM	TEST METHOD	TEST TYPE	CONDITIONS	
PROTOZOA	Acanthamoeba castellanii cysts	Following the method of EN 13704	Suspension	Clean 1	
SPORES	Bacillus subtilis	EN 14347 Suspension	Suspension	Not applicable	
	Bacillus cereus				
	Bacillus subtilis var niger	Babb JR, Bradely CR & Ayliffe GAJ (J. of Hosp. Inf. 1980 1:63-75)	Suspension	Clean 1 and Dirty 1	
MYCOBACTERIA	Mycobacterium avium	DGHM	Carrier	Dirty 1	
	Mycobacterium terrae				
MVC	Mycobacterium terrae	Griffiths et al. Journal of Hospital Infection (1998)	Suspension	Clean 1 and Dirty 1	
	Influenza A Virus (H1N1)	EN 14476	Suspension	Dirty 1	
	Feline Calicivirus				
VIRUSES	Poliovirus Type 1	ASTM E-1053	ASTM E-1053 Surface	Surface	Dirty 2
	Adenovirus Type 5				
	Hepatitis B Virus (HBV)				
	Herpes Simplex Virus Type 1				
	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)				
	Influenza A Virus (H1N1)				
	Poliovirus Type 1	DVV/RKI			
	Adenovirus Type 5				
	Murine Norovirus			Clean 2 and Dirty 3	
	Human Papillomavirus (using polyoma virus SV40 surrogate)		Suspension		
	Vaccinia Virus				
	Parvovirus (using Minute Virus of Mice (MVM)surogate)			Dirty 3	
	Murine Norovirus	EN 16615	Surface with mechanical action	Clean 1	

	ORGANISM	TEST METHOD	TEST TYPE	CONDITIONS
FUNGI/YEAST	Aspergillus brasiliensis	EN 16615	Surface with mechanical action	Clean 1
	Candida auris	EN 14562	Carrier	
	Fusarium solani	EN 13624	Suspension	
	Aspergillus flavus			
	0	AOAC Use Dilution Test	Carrier	Dirty 2
	Candida albicans	DGHM	Carrier	Dirty1

BACTERIA	Staphylococcus aureus	DGHM	Carrier	Dirty 1
	Pseudomonas aeruginosa			
	Enterococcus hirae			
	Streptococcus pyogenes	EN 16615	Surface with mechanical action	Clean1
	Carbapenem Resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) Klebsiella pneumoniae	EN 14561	Carrier	Clean 1
	Vancomycin Resistant Enterococci (VRE) Enterococcus faecium			
	Multidrug-resistant Acinetobacter baumannii (MDRAB)			Dirty 2
	Extended Spectrum Beta-Lactamase Klebsiella pneumoniae (ESBL)			
	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)			
	Neisseria gonorrhoeae	EN 13727	Suspension	Clean 1
	Gardnerella vaginalis			
	Streptococcus agalactiae			
	Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)			Clean 1 and Dirty 1

Clean/Dirty Conditions Key:

Clean 1: 0.3 g/l bovine albumin - Clean 2: Aqua bidest

Dirty 1: 3g/l bovine albumin + 3g/l blood erythrocytes - Dirty 2: 5% blood serum - Dirty 3: 10% fetal calf serum



Page 3 of 3

ARE YOUR TRAINING RECORDS UP-TO-DATE?

Training and certification is an essential part of customer service with Cache.

Our team of sales representatives are at your full disposal for initial roll-out training. This training is free of charge.

For follow-up training and recertification, we offer two options:



The Online Training Portal contains videos explaining how to use each of the Cache disinfectants.

At the end of the video, a questionnaire will load. When all questions are answered faultlessly, a training certificate is automatically issued.

Please contact your local sales representative to request your Training Portal Access Code, or by emailing training@tristel.com.

PERSONAL TRAINING

Provided by a sales representative, personal training is subject to charge. For more information or to book, please contact your local sales representative using the contact details below.



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THE RISK OF INFECTION IN **EMERGENCY MEDICINE**

Patients seeking evaluation and awaiting treatment in emergency settings are not only able to spread communicable infectious diseases to healthcare professionals and other patients, but are also at risk of acquiring new infections (hospital acquired infections (HAIs)) associated with the care they receive¹.

> Elderly patients who visit the emergency department are three times more likely to acquire an acute infection².

PREVENTION OF INFECTION TRANSMISSION IN EMERGENCY SETTINGS

Preventing the transmission of infectious microorganisms in emergency settings is vital in reducing the number of HAIs.

Decontamination of surfaces and medical equipment must be routinely performed in between patients to help prevent cross-infections amongst patients and healthcare professionals.

Patients infected with microorganisms such as MRSA, MDRAB, CRE, VRE and Coronaviruses can transfer these pathogens to sites in their immediate vicinity such as mattresses, bedpans, IV poles, guard rails, overbed tables, blood pressure cuffs, and the floor¹. Decontamination involves the cleaning of any heavy soiling (e.g. blood spills) and disinfection with the use of a high-level disinfectant such as JET and FUSE.

Future patients are also at risk when hospitalised in a room previously occupied by a patient infected with drug resistant microorganisms due to environmental contamination¹.

Using good hand hygiene etiquette routinely helps disrupt the transmission of infections and the spread of microorganisms from one area or person to another¹. Hand hygiene protocols should always be followed, especially when a healthcare professional enters the vicinity of an infected patient¹.

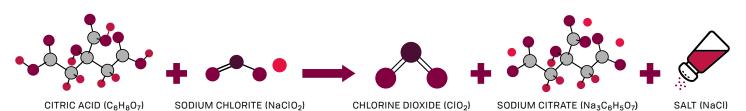
Always adhere to standard precautions and use personal protective equipment (PPE) such as gloves, protective gowns, masks, and eyewear. The implementation of reasonable healthcare safety precautions and infection control can minimise transmission of most contact-related infections and infectious microorganisms in emergency medicine³.

An estimated 300,000 NHS patients per year acquire healthcare associated infections⁴.

References

- Liang, S., Theodoro, D., Schuur, J. and Marschall, J., 2014. Infection Prevention in the Emergency Department. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 64(3), pp.299-313.
- Quach, C., McArthur, M., McGeer, A., Li, L., Simor, A., Dionne, M., Levesque, E. and Tremblay, L., 2012. Risk of infection following a visit to the emergency department: a cohort study. Canadian Medical Association Journal, 184(4), pp.E232-E239. Suri, P., Gopaul, R. and Bearman, G., 2018. [online] International Society for Infectious Disease. Available at: <a href="http://isid.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/ISID_Infec-1/10/02/15/02/
- tionGuide_Chapter24.pdf> [Accessed 3 August 2020]. National institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) 2014. Introduction | Infection Prevention And Control | Quality Standards | NICE. [online] Available at: https://www.nice. org.uk/guidance/qs61/chapter/Introduction#:--text=lt%20is%20estimated%20that%20300%2C000,England%20in%202011%20was%206.4%25.> [Accessed 3 August 2020].

THE POWER OF CHLORINE DIOXIDE CHEMISTRY



Chlorine Dioxide (ClO₂) achieves its potent biocidal effect through oxidation. ClO₂ oxidises lipids and proteins present in cell membranes, leading to a loss in membrane integrity and ultimately cell death. ClO₂ can also penetrate cells and degrade nucleic acids via an oxidative pathway. Similar mechanisms are responsible for the ability of ClO₂ to inactivate viral particles. ClO₂ is proven effective in preventing biofilm build-up and in removing it from surfaces.

High-level disinfection is achieved within short contact times, enabling a quick turnaround of medical devices and surfaces.







EFFECTIVE IN SHORT CONTACT TIMES.



DOSED AT POINT OF USE.



SPORICIDAL, VIRUCIDAL, MYCOBACTERICIDAL, YEASTICIDAL AND BACTERICIDAL ACTIVITY.









ONE CONCENTRATION FOR ALL EFFICACY.

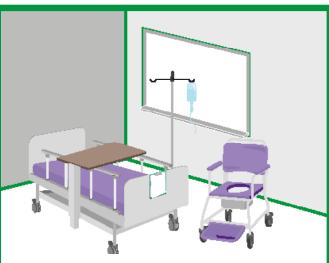
GOOD SAFETY PROFILE.

HANDY FOR PORTABLE TRAVEL.

THE PRODUCTS POWERED BY CHLORINE DIOXIDE



JET is a powerful sporicidal disinfectant for use on near patient surfaces, providing the best safeguard for patients and staff wherever risks of infection are highest. Each bottle of JET produces 570 ready-to-use doses of foam which can be used with any spreader. JET achieves high-level disinfection, including sporicidal efficacy and virucidal efficacy against emerging viruses like SARS-CoV-2", in one minute.



FUSE: LARGE SURFACE AREAS

SUCH AS FLOORS AND WALLS IN THE EMERGENCY ROOM

FUSE is ideal for the high-level disinfection of large surface areas, including walls and floors. Each FUSE sachet produces five litres of working solution at one concentration, with one contact time to destroy a wide range of microorganisms. FUSE achieves high-level disinfection, including sporicidal efficacy against emerging viruses like SARS-CoV-2", in five minutes.

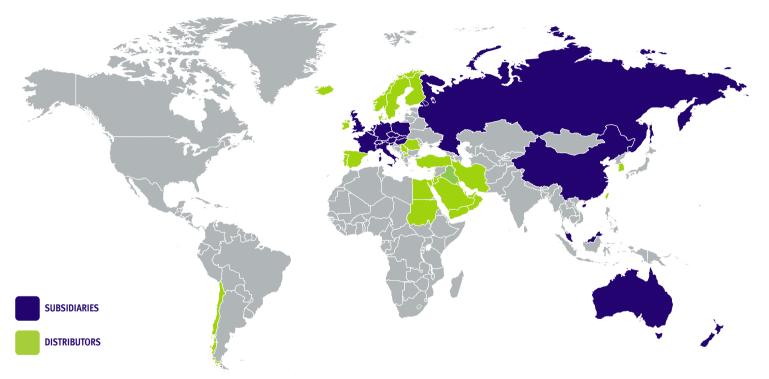
cache

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s. JET refers to JET (Cache). "Based on ENI4476 Virucidal activity. Use biocides safely. Always read the label and product information before use. For Tristel patent information please visit. http://www.our-patents.info/tristel - Copyright © Tristel Solutions - Mikt Fac-13071 - August 2020

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